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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/534,580	05/11/2005	Ryousuke Kaneshige	1155-0283PUS1	4471	
2292 7590 10/17/2008 BIRCH STEWART KOLASCH & BIRCH			EXAMINER		
PO BOX 747			OLADAPO, TAIWO		
FALLS CHUR	CH, VA 22040-0747		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER		
			1797		
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			10/17/2008	ELECTRONIC	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail $\,$ address(es):

mailroom@bskb.com

Application No. Applicant(s) 10/534,580 KANESHIGE ET AL. Office Action Summary

omoorionon cummary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	TAIWO OLADAPO	1797				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence ac	Idress			
Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D. - Estrasions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 and 51 Ki (5) MORTH'S from the making date of this communication. - A state of the communication of the c	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin viil apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this o D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 07 Ju	ıly 2008.					
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL. 2b)☐ This	action is non-final.					
3)☐ Since this application is in condition for allowar	nce except for formal matters, pro	secution as to the	e merits is			
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>3.5 and 6</u> is/are pending in the applica	ation					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	Without consideration.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) 3.5.6 is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Application Papers						
· · · _ · ·						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the			ED 4 404(4)			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form P	10-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreigna) All b) Some * c) None of:	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	⊢(d) or (f).				
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
Copies of the certified copies of the prior	ity documents have been receive	ed in this National	Stage			
application from the International Bureau	ı (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	d.				
Attachment(s)						
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	ate				

Attachment(s)		
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)	
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Date	
3) X Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SE/08)	5) Notice of Informal Patent Application	
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 9/23/2008.	6) Other:	

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DETAILED ACTION

The amendment dated 07/07/2008 has been considered and entered for the record. The
amendment overcomes the previous 102 rejection which is hereby withdrawn. A new ground of
rejection necessitated by the amendment is made below.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all
 obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham v. John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 4. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later

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invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

- Claims 2 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Okada et al.
 (US 2002/0035044) in view of Cody et al. (US 6,322,692) and further in view of Hirano et al.
 (US 6,459,005)
- 6. In regards to claim 3, Okada teaches a lubricating oil composition for internal combustion engines, i.e. automobile engine oil [0002, 0076] having 1 to 20 % by weight of ethylene-propylene copolymer having 40 − 77% ethylene content, Mw/Mn is 2.4 or less, and a melting point of 60°C or less (abstract) which overlaps the claimed range of 30°C or less, .05 to 5% by weight of pour point depressant [0213], a lubricating oil base such as mineral oil or poly-□-olefin [0190].

In the case where the claimed ranges "overlap or lie inside ranges disclosed by the prior art" a prima facie case of obviousness exists. In re Wertheim, 541 F.2d 257, 191 USPQ 90 (CCPA 1976); In re Woodruff, 919 F.2d 1575, 16 USPQ2d 1934 (Fed. Cir. 1990)

Since Okada teaches the ethylene-propylene copolymer having similar composition and amounts to the claimed invention, the intrinsic property of the polymer such as the intrinsic viscosity is also similar. "Products of identical chemical composition can not have mutually exclusive properties." A chemical composition and its properties are inseparable. Therefore, if the prior art teaches the identical chemical structure, the properties applicant discloses and/or claims are necessarily present. In re Spada, 911 F.2d 705, 709, 15 USPQ2d 1655, 1658 (Fed. Cir. 1990).

Okada does not specifically recite the claimed amount of oil, the kinematic viscosity of the oil, the viscosity index, saturated hydrocarbon content, or the sulfur content of the lubricating oil composition.

Cody teaches a lubricating oil base composition for internal combustion engines or engine oils (column 10 line 50) consisting of Group II basestocks having saturates content of 90 wt.% or greater, a sulfur content of not more than 0.03 wt. % and a viscosity index (VI) greater than 80 (column 3 lines 44 – 46). Cody does not teach the claimed amount of base oil, or the kinematic viscosity of the base oil.

Hirano teaches engine oil lubricants (column 1 line 16) having ethylene/a-olefin copolymers similar to the combined invention of Okada and Cody. Hirano teaches that the base oil has a kinetic or kinematic viscosity of 10 to 5000 mm²/s at 100°C which overlaps the claimed invention. Hirano teaches that base oil/ethylene copolymer viscosity index improvers can be present in the amount of from 1 to 99% of the composition which overlaps the claimed range (column 4 lines 40 – 45).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have used the composition of Cody in combination with the composition of Hirano in making the lubricating composition of Okada, as both Cody and Hirano teach lubricating base oils and viscosity index copolymer additives suitable for use in engine oil lubricant formulations.

- In regards to claim 5, Okada, Cody and Hirano combined teach lubricating oil for internal combustion engines as previously stated.
- In regards to claim 6, Okada, Cody and Hirano teach the lubricating composition comprising a mineral oil as previously stated.

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Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments have been considered but are moot in view of the new grounds of rejection.

Conclusion

10. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to TAIWO OLADAPO whose telephone number is (571)270-3723. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00 - 4:30.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Glenn Caldarola can be reached on (571)272-1444. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

TO

/Glenn A Caldarola/ Acting SPE of Art Unit 1797